THE USE OF MULTILAYER CHITOSAN/FURCELLARAN MINI/NANOEMULSIONS WITH OREGANO ESSENTIAL OIL FOR PRESERVATION OF PERISHABLE FOOD PRODUCTS

Piotr Kulawik

University of Agriculture in Kraków



Objectives

The possibility of shelf-life extension by newly developed multilayer furcellaran/chitosan nano/microemulsions with oregano essential oil of model perishable products - fresh pork loin and Atlantic mackerel stored at 4°C for 18 days.



Materials and Methods



packages

Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC)

Microorganism	FUR/oregano EO nanoemulsion	CHIT/oregano EO miniemulsion
Staphylococcus aureus	>90%	3.12%
Enterococcus faecalis	>90%	6.25%
Escherichia coli	>90%	3.12%
Salmonella enteritidis	>90%	3.12%
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	>90%	1.60%
Candida albicans	50.00%	12.5%
Aspergillus flavus	70.00%	50.00%
Aspergillus brasiliensis	70.00%	25.00%

Results showed as % of emulsion in the solution, which resulted in complete growth inhibition

Results – microbiology – Atlantic mackerel



A – TVC; B – Yeasts and mould; C – Psychrotrophic bacteria; D - Pseudomonas spp.

Pork loin - microbiology



A – TVC; B – Yeasts and mould; C – Psychrotrophic bacteria; D - Pseudomonas spp.

Results – sensory of Atlantic mackerel



Results – sensory of pork loin



Results – appearance of product after 14 days



Results – appearance of product after 14 days

Control



Coatings



Consumer analysis on salmon fillet

- Analysis of sensory properties and value for the consumer
- Research question whether consumer will notice the coating and how it will affect the product's value
- Both odor and its intensity were comparable in both groups.
- Consumers could not distinguish control from coated groups
- Presence of coatings significanly increase:
 - Overall quality score
 - Freshness score
 - Willingnes to buy
- Conslusions: coatings were not visible for the consumers and improved its value for the consumer unaware of its existance

Consumer analysis on pork loin

- Consumers were more convinced that the control sample had a coating on it then the samples with a coating
- Differences were statistically significant however the effect size was low (d = 0.171)
- The analysis of sample gloss measured using Just About Right scale (1-7 with 4 meaning "ideal" showed that gloss of treated samples was more close to ideal then of control samples (4.703±1.576 vs 5.247±1.449).
- Conclusion: consumers did not notice the coating on the product

Application cost?

Based on lab-scale experiment:

	1 kg pork loin	1 kg mackerel
Amount of CHIT/oregano EO emulsion	100 mL	35 mL
Amount of FUR/oregano EO emulsion	50 mL	17,5 mL
Ingredient cost	0.10 EUR	0.03 EUR

Conclusions

- Coatings significantly inhibited microbiological growth
- Coatings significantly improved sensory scores of stored samples
- Oregano aroma could be noticed for some of the coated samples by the sensory panel, but not by the consumers
- The difference in appearance between treated and control samples was not distinguishable for the consumers
- Coatings succesfully prolonged the shelf-life of the model meat and fish products

Thank you for attention

Happy to answer all your questions